

## APPENDIX

### Chart Legend:

✓	Affirmatively mentioned in statutory language.
✗	Negatively mentioned in statutory language.
[blank]	Not mentioned in statutory language.
[other language]	Mentioned, but qualified in statutory language.

### Establishment of Council

#### I. Ex Officio Voting Members

	CA	HI	IN	MT	NB	NH	NY	OR	TX	WA	WI	PA	ID	GU
<i>Department of Agriculture</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
<i>Department of the Environment</i>	✓					✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	
<i>Department of Natural Resources</i>	✓	✓				✓				✓		✓		
<i>Fish &amp; Wildlife Agency</i>		✓	✓		✓			✓		✓		✓	✓	
<i>Forestry Agency</i>					✓			✓	✓					
<i>Department of Transportation</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓			✓		✓	✓	✓
<i>Land Grant University</i>														
<i>Sea Grant College</i>								✓						
<i>Others</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓

## II. Appointed Voting Members and Federal, Non-Voting Members

	CA	HI	IN	MT	NB	NH	NY	OR	TX	WA	WI	PA	ID	GU
<i>Agricultural &amp; Horticultural Industry</i>			✓			✓		✓*				✓†	✓‡	✓§
<i>Environmental &amp; Conservation Interests</i>						✓		✓				✓†	✓‡	✓§
<i>Pet &amp;/or Aquarium Industry</i>								✓*					✓‡	✓§
<i>Port &amp;/or Shipping Industry</i>								✓*				✓†	✓‡	✓§
<i>Federal, Non-Voting Members</i>		✓		✓			✓			✓				✓

\* In Oregon, ex officio voting members must appoint a single voting member who represents an organization or association that advocates on behalf of private industry in the state, without specification as to what private industry that member should represent in particular.

† In Pennsylvania, the council can have up to 14 appointed members representing agriculture, natural resources organizations, and the transportation sector, among other interest groups.

‡ In Idaho, private and not-for-profit organizations with an interest in the well-being of the state pertaining to invasive species may be invited to participate by the director of the state Department of Agriculture.

§ In Guam, the council may invite additional public and private sector members to serve on sub-committees with significant responsibilities concerning invasive species, and may prescribe special procedures for their participation.

| New York’s legislation does not specify that federal entities should be included on its council as non-voting members, but does note that the council may “consult” with any governmental agency, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the U.S. Coast Guard.

## Council Practice and Procedure

	<b>Chairperson</b>	<b>Term of Office (Appointed Members)</b>	<b>Expense Reimbursement</b>	<b>Quorum</b>	<b>Meeting Frequency</b>
<b>California</b>	Departments of Agriculture & Natural Resources Co-Chair				Annually & as needed
<b>Hawaii</b>	Selected from Departments of Agriculture, Health,			Simple majority of voting members	No less than twice annually
<b>Indiana</b>	Council elects	Three years, & until successor appointed	Subject to availability of funds & Perdue University policies	Six council members	At least annually, & special meetings allowed
<b>Montana</b>					
<b>Nebraska</b>	Council elects		No reimbursement or compensation		Called by chairperson or a majority of members
<b>New Hampshire</b>	Council elects				
<b>New York</b>	Commissioners of Env't'l Conservation, & Agriculture & Markets Co-Chair				At least quarterly
<b>Oregon</b>	Council elects chair & vice-chair		At discretion of council - discretion not required for State Invasive Species Coordinator	Six council members	At least annually, & special meetings allowed
<b>Texas</b>	Council elects				Annually or more if in bylaws
<b>Washington</b>	Council elects				
<b>Wisconsin</b>					
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	Department of Agriculture	Four years	No compensation, but travel & expense reimbursement permitted		Quarterly
<b>Idaho</b>	Department of Agriculture				Twice annually
<b>Guam</b>	Council elects			Simple majority	At least quarterly

## Powers and Duties of the Council

### I. Rulemaking & Regulatory Authority

	Rulemaking Authority	Regulatory Authority	Enter & Inspect Premises	Border Check Stations	Seize & Destroy Invasives	Studies, Research, & Monitoring	Enforcement Rules
<i>CA</i>	✘	✘					
<i>HI</i>	✓	✘	✓		✓	✓	
<i>IN</i>	✘	✘					
<i>MT</i>	✘					✓	
<i>NB</i>	✘						
<i>NH</i>	✘		✘			✘	✘
<i>NY</i>	✘					✓	
<i>OR</i>	✓		✓		✓		✓
<i>TX</i>						✘ *	
<i>WA</i>							
<i>WI</i>	✘					✓	
<i>PA</i>	✘	✘					
<i>ID</i>	✘						
<i>GU</i>	✘						

## II. Additional & Delegation Authority

	Reporting Sites/Numbers	Educational Materials	Grants/Loans - Education	Grants/Loans - Activities	Receive Grants	Delegation Authority
<i>CA</i>					✘	
<i>HI</i>					✘	✓
<i>IN</i>			✓		✓	
<i>MT</i>		✓			✓	
<i>NB</i>						
<i>NH</i>					✘	
<i>NY</i>			✓	✓		
<i>OR</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
<i>TX</i>					✘*	
<i>WA</i>						
<i>WI</i>			✓	✓		
<i>PA</i>						
<i>ID</i>						
<i>GU</i>						

\* In Texas, the council cannot conduct studies, undertake research, or engage in monitoring, but can make recommendations to state agencies regarding research, technology transfer, and management actions related to invasive species control. Furthermore, while the council cannot apply for and receive grants itself, the Soil and Water Conservation Board may accept and administer grants on its behalf.

## Invasive Species Management Plan

	CA	HI	IN	MT	NB	NH	NY	OR	TX	WA	WI	PA	ID	GU
<i>Statewide Strategic Plan?</i>	✘*	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<i>Includes Review</i>							✓	✓		✓		✓		✓
<i>Sets Forth Framework</i>							✓			✓				
<i>Addresses Coordination</i>		✓					✓			✓		✓		✓
<i>Addresses Prevention</i>		✓					✓			✓		✓		✓
<i>Addresses Inventory</i>					✓					✓				
<i>Addresses Early Detection &amp; Monitoring</i>					✓		✓	✘‡		✓				✓
<i>Addresses Control, Management, &amp; Eradication</i>		✓†					✓	✘‡		✓		✓		
<i>Addresses Restoration</i>							✓	✘‡		✓	✓			
<i>Addresses Public Education</i>							✓			✓	✓			
<i>Addresses Research</i>							✓			✓	✓			✓
<i>Addresses Funding</i>							✓							
<i>Evaluation?</i>														
<i>Best Efforts?</i>										✓				

\* No statewide plan for all invasive species, but state is instructed to develop such specifically for shot hole borers.

† Specific to the coqui frog.

‡ Not specifically addressed in strategic plan, but listed as an authorized use of council funds.

## Invasive Species Advisory Committee

	Appointed Advisory Committee	Makeup of Committee	Practices & Procedures
<i>California</i>	Permitted but not required	Representatives from federal agencies, non-profits, & other groups	
<i>Hawaii</i>			
<i>Indiana</i>	Permitted but not required		
<i>Montana</i>			
<i>Nebraska</i>	May seek advisory support from federal, state, or local agencies		
<i>New Hampshire</i>			
<i>New York</i>	✓	Co-chairs appoint members from a number of listed user groups	✓
<i>Oregon</i>	Permitted but not required	Council determines membership	✓
<i>Texas</i>	Bylaws may permit but not required		
<i>Washington</i>	Permitted but not required	Council determines membership	
<i>Wisconsin</i>			
<i>Pennsylvania</i>			
<i>Idaho</i>			
<i>Guam</i>			